Chicago Tribune.

VOLUME XVII. CHICAGO, TUESDAY, APRIL 5, 1864. NUMBER 264

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH

- FROM CHATTANOOGA AND BELOW.
- THE SITUATION AT LOOKOUT VALLEY.
- THE WAR IN WESTERN LOUISIANA.
- Our Mower Cutting a Big Swathe.
- From Cairo and Below—Whereabouts of Forrest.
- Military and Congressional Intelligence.
- A DECISION IN THE GREAT QUICKSILVER CASE.
- DISGRACEFUL PROCEEDINGS AT LEAVENWORTH.
- The Drops Before the Shower
- Union Victories at St. Louis, Keokuk, Dayton, et al.
- The Rebels Promise More Activity Soon.
- Highly Important Foreign News—Mexican Matters.

THE WAR IN LOUISIANA.

Highly Important from Gen. Banks' Army.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]
ALEXANDRIA, La., March 29, }
via CAIRO, April 4.

We are still waiting for Gen. Banks, who is expected to-day. The water is nine feet on the falls.

On the 21st, Gen. Mower marched 32 miles west and overtook a Rebel train, the retreating rebels burning 20 of another train. The rebel train was the mail carrier or courier, and surrounded the rebels during the night. The result was we took four brass field pieces, wagons, two hundred mules, over two hundred prisoners, including sixteen officers. This makes seventeen guns Gen. Mower has taken since he came to Red river.

The Confederates are burning all the cotton on the banks of the river in consequence of our navy sailing it as prizes. Citizens say that Kirby Smith would have spared it if he could.

The gunboat Fleet has established a blockade at the mouth of Red river. Nothing but government boats are permitted to enter the stream. Many inhabitants of West Louisiana are anxious to get North.

SECOND DISPATCH.
[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]
ALEXANDRIA, March 30, 1864.

The main body of Gen. Franklin's army arrived here this morning from Opelousas after fifteen days marching. It met no opposition. The country through which they passed is devoid of provisions, and the troops have gone to Texas. The indications are that Banks' army will remain there some time, while a column under Gen. A. J. Smith will soon move up the river to Shreveport with the gunboats.

The naval authorities have been busy hauling in all cotton on the river banks. It is supposed the acquisition will well outfit all cotton has been seized.

Gen. Banks and staff have moved their quarters on shore. As an indication of the state of affairs, Gen. Banks' headquarters are guarded by passing through, persons on white that they have been branded on the forehead with the words "slave," others had an X on the cheek to prevent them from passing as contrabands. There is an almost rumor abroad that cotton taken by the navy is bought from Confederate authorities with sterling bills.

THIRD DISPATCH.
ALEXANDRIA, March 31—9. M.

The advance column under Gen. A. J. Smith, has left Alexandria.

New York, April 4.—The New York Tribune's Alexandria (La.,) letter states: A report is current among the rebels that Gen. Steele entered Shreveport on the 25th, and that Kirby Smith and his command are completely surrounded. Whether this report is true or false remains to be seen. Steele is expected to-day. Our fleet was swelling a rise in the Red River, to pass the falls. Our gunboats obtained over 30,000 bales of cotton, which was destroyed or captured by the rebels aboard the steamer Falls City.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Matters Military and Congressional.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]
WASHINGTON, April 4, 1864.

GENERAL SMITH'S NOMINATION.

Gen. W. F. Smith will not be connected with the army of the Potomac in the coming active operations, but will have an independent command in a separate field under the President. Gen. Smith's nomination was sent in to-day, and will be confirmed to-morrow. He is a graduate of West Point, and a personal friend of Gen. Grant. He is also a warm friend of Gen. Butler, who did not return from Fortress Monroe with Gen. Grant.

CONFIRMATIONS.

To-day the nominations of Gen. Jas. B. Steadman, of Ohio as Major General, and three Colonels, mentioned in yesterday's dispatch, as Brigadiers, were received by the Senate; also that of Colonel McCook as Brigadier.

Col. McCook has been in command of cavalry brigades and divisions in the army of the Cumberland for nearly two years, and has fairly earned his promotion by faithful service and numerous brilliant achievements. He has also most honorable official endorsements.

THE DIAMOND COURT MARTIAL.

Thos. A. Scott, formerly Assistant Secretary of War, was on the Diamond Court Martial as one of the witnesses for the defense. He denied the charge that he had exercised his influence in favor of Hammond's appointment as Surgeon General upon a promise of the patronage of the medical department to a house in Philadelphia, of which Scott is a member, and Spriggs.

He also gave reasons for the absence of Mr. Wyatt in Arizona, which, it is charged, was intentionally done to avoid being summoned before the Court.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Ben. Wood appeared on the floor of the House to-day, having been absent since the second day of the session.

The Senate was obliged to adjourn to-day for want of a quorum.

The vote on Mr. Trumbull's proposition, made as a quorum gave them, to lay aside the pending amendment to the constitution in order to take up the naval appropriation bill, showed but three-quarters of the Senators present.

The objections were Messrs. Cowan, Dixon, Foster, Grimes, Henderson, Riddle, Sherman, Wilkinson and Wright.

DIXON and Foster have gone to Connecticut to vote. Riddle is sick in Baltimore, and Richardson is with his sick family in Illinois.

The Conference Committee on Disagreeing votes on Montana bills are, on the part of the Senate, Messrs. Wade, Chandler and Sprague.

Mr. Howe spoke over three hours in the Senate on the pending amendment to the Constitution on slavery, Beverly Johnson giving way to him.

Gen. Meade, in general orders, announces assignments to duty of officers in the Quartermaster's Department: Lieut. Colby, R. N. Batchelder, W. H. Dorsey, C. W. Tree, and J. B. Hourigan, are appointed Quartermasters for the 2d, 3d, 5th and 6th cavalry corps respectively.

THE HEADS SWELLING INTERIORLY.

The members of the Conduct of the War Committee express the opinion that the testimony taken up to this time respecting Gen. Meade's campaign in Pennsylvania and Virginia will improve rather than detract from that officer's reputation.

Among the dismissals of officers just made is of Lieut. Hunts, of the 10th Ohio Battery, absent without leave.

LET 'EM FOOD SUNDAY.

A bill reported to the Senate to-day from the Committee on Indian Affairs for aiding the return of fugitive Indians in Kansas to their homes, appropriates one hundred and two hundred and twenty-three thousand dollars.

TRADE ON THE NORTHWEST RIVERS.

Mr. Ramsey introduced a bill in the Senate to-day, allowing the boats of the Hudson Bay Company on Red River, to trade with the United States.

THE QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

The Military Committee reported back Wilson's bill reorganizing the Quartermaster's Department. The only important amendment made by the Committee is one giving the rank of Major to Division Quartermasters.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—A Washington special says Gen. W. F. Smith will command the troops in general Butler's expedition, and probably will be assigned to the command of the Army of the James.

In the Supreme Court to-day, Chas. Sumner applegate, of Virginia, was admitted to practice. He was introduced by Justice Nelson, establishing the loyalty and Eastern boundaries of Pocahontas county.

The eastern boundary of that eastern tongue of the Lost Mills runs through the centre of the Court House. The Court ordered a writ of mandamus to issue directing the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pocahontas county to transfer the records of the county to the Court House of the county as now established. The writ was issued.

Movements of Gen. Grant.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Gen. Grant assembled his staff officers and Col. Comstock officers here to-day, and left for the army of the Potomac to-night.

THE WAR IN ARKANSAS.

The New State and Its New Governor—Military Matters.

[From Our Special Correspondent.]
LITTLE ROCK, March 26, 1864.

Since I last wrote you our election has been held, and Arkansas is now virtually a State. She has been regenerated, redeemed and disenthralled. I have just returned from calling up the Governor elect, Judge Isaac Murphy, and although oppressed with all the cares and anxieties of preparing for the Provisional Governor—made so by the unanimous votes of the Convention which framed the Constitution which has just been adopted by so overwhelming a majority of the people—he was in good humor and full of hope and courage. He is a native of Indiana, but has resided in Arkansas for the last fifteen years (younger ones than myself), and is a practical farmer. He is a man of the people, and has been a consistent Union man from the first inception of the rebellion. He was a delegate to the Secession Convention from Hot Spring county, and was the only man who had the fearless courage to brave the storm of secession that carried this State out of the Union. Undaunted by threats and hostile demonstrations, amid cursing and shouting, and cries of "Hang him!" "Shoot him!" he arose in his seat, and, sustained by the noble consciousness of rectitude, when all around thought his life would be the penalty, he calmly recorded his vote as "No!" when they were going to Texas. The indications are that Banks' army will remain there some time, while a column under Gen. A. J. Smith will soon move up the river to Shreveport with the gunboats.

The City Marshal was assaulted and dangerously wounded.

Armed men took possession of the polls early in the morning and dashed the city authorities.

The military were called on by the Mayor to preserve order, but their assistance was refused.

Gen. Steele has issued a proclamation declaring that the soldiers at the Fort should not visit the city unless entitled to vote, but the order was openly violated.

Gen. Curtis was absent.

The election was peaceable, but the most extensive excitement existed, and the best citizens denounce the election as a farce and a fraud.

The Democrats are jubilant.

Only fourteen votes in the military cried to excite a mob, and closed the 1st and 4th Ward polls, but the people compelled him to open them again.

[By the Associated Press.]
St. Louis, April 4.—At the election in Leavenworth, Joseph R. McDowell and his entire ticket were elected by from 400 to 500 majority.

At Atchison, Anthony issued a proclamation during the polls, calling on the citizens to avoid violence. The election passed off quietly, and the ticket headed by Anthony was elected by a majority of 200.

Hoeing was inaugurated Governor of Kansas to-day. Anthony was chosen with reservations and drives from the polls.

From New York.

New York, April 4.—There was no special stock board to-day, all business being confined to the regular session of the Brokers' Board, which was very limited. The transactions were unimportant. The amount of money loaned was small. The rate was nominal at 6 per cent. The clearings for the day were $20,000,000. The balances paid at the First National Bank to-day were $301,000.

Indiana Getting Ready.

CINCINNATI, April 4.—By order of Gov. Morton, the entire Indiana militia will be mustered into service to-morrow to take part in any manner it is required in repelling any invasion. A grand review of the Legion, numbering 30,000 men, will be held on the 19th inst.

A Raid on the Rebellion.

LEAVENWORTH, Ks., April 4.—The Denver Press of the 2d inst. says: A party of 40 men, under the command of Capt. Reed, of an Indian band of about a week or two, started from Denver on the 20th of March, on a raid on the rebellion.

Movements of Gen. Grant.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Gen. Grant assembled his staff officers and Col. Comstock officers here to-day, and left for the army of the Potomac to-night.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]
ST. LOUIS, April 4, 1864.

The Bulletin has the combined Copperhead Conservative to-day, here, East and Secession, sterling Thomas, the Radical candidate for Mayor, by upwards of twenty-three hundred majority, and carrying seven out of ten Wards of Councilmen.

Push on the column.

St. Louis, April 4.—Incomplete returns indicate the election of James R. Thomas, Radical candidate for Mayor, by 2,500 to 3,000 majority. The new Council will have three to five Radicals in it.

FROM CLEVELAND.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]
CLEVELAND, April 4, 1864.

The City Election to-day resulted in a majority of fifteen hundred for the Union ticket. Only a light vote was polled. The majority is the heaviest ever known on so slight a vote.

DAYTON (O.) MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

How are You, Vallandigham?

DAYTON, O., April 4.—The municipal election passed off quietly. The whole Union ticket is elected by an average majority of 800 on the home vote.

The Union ticket succeeded in every ward but the 4th, on the Councilman and School Board, which changes the political complexion of both those bodies.

The Connecticut Election.

NEW HAVEN, Ct., April 4.—Forty-nine towns in Fairfield, New Haven, Middlesex, New London and Windham counties, give Buckingham 4,000 majority. Indications are that the Union men have carried 16 out of 21 Senators, and two-thirds of the House of Representatives.

Princeton (N. J.) Municipal Election.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 4.—The election for town officers took place to-day. The entire Union ticket was elected by a majority. The Democrats elected two last year.

Meeskuk Municipal Election.

NEWARK, New Jersey, April 4.—The Union municipal election was elected Mayor to-day by 150 majority. This is the largest majority ever given at a city election.

The Pirate Alabama.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The pirate Alabama was at the Cape of Good Hope, Feb. 19th, with thirty of her crew sick of yellow fever.

Departure of Rev. Dr. Bellows.

NEW YORK, April 4.—Rev. Dr. Bellows sailed today for California.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the City of London and Hibernian.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The steamer City of London, which left Liverpool at 11 o'clock on the morning of the 23d, and Queenstown on the 24th inst., arrived here this forenoon.

The New York correspondence of the London Post says: "The American Government will surrender the bark Bakon, seized by the Vanderbilt."

The London Times, in an editorial on American affairs, says the advantage on either side, and no foreshadowing of the end. It says: "The only thing certain is that there will be no foreign mediation. The Americans will work out the result by themselves."

Garibaldi was expected to land at Southampton in about a week.

The London Morning Herald says: "Unless Napoleon and Maximilian recognize the South, the establishment of any favoring on the Rio Grande will involve fruitless expenditure of strength by France, and end in humiliation to all concerned."

There have been no additional fighting in Jutland. A semi-official Copenhagen paper says: "Denmark has accepted the Austrian and Prussian ultimatum, but does not entertain a surrender of Duppel, nor consent to the present position of affairs being a basis for the negotiation of hostilities."

It is stated that Napoleon is much gratified by the expressions of sympathy with Austria in the General Marazzi debates in Parliament.

Bourse steady—66 to 90c.

LATER—ANOTHER ARRIVAL.

PORTLAND, April 5.—The Hibernian from Liverpool, 24th, via Londonderry, 25th, has arrived.

The Germans have abandoned the siege of Fredericia.

The pirate Florida arrived at Sagua Grua, Tuesday, the 8th of March, and left on the 10th for Cardenas.

The United States ship St. Louis reached Santa Cruz on the 6th.

Mazzinian emissaries for Mexico on the 12th of April.

No business doing on the 25th, being Good Friday.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LIVERPOOL, March 24.—Lord Ashburton is dead. The Danish flagship closed on Tuesday. The Star says: We are still alone. We know of no one in Europe will look upon the acts of violence perpetrated against us. We are ready to do everything that may be required of us, but on behalf of peace is still distant when we shall submit to a humiliating peace.

LONDON, March 24.—The Confederate loan is quoted.

The London Times has a telegram from Vienna, stating that the conference proposed by England, without a detailed basis or an armistice, was accepted by Austria and Prussia. The territorial integrity of the Danish monarchy, under the present dynasty, will be maintained. The conference is to meet at once.

The London Globe says: "The Emperor Maximilian will adopt the policy of strict neutrality towards the United States. His government at Washington has not agreed to accredit a envoy to Mexico without conditions."

The Archduke Maximilian left for Trieste, Hungary, appear to have serious. Fourteen persons belonging to the higher class were arrested, and 1,000 arms seized.

The following is a summary of the news sent out by the Hecla, from Liverpool to the 24th:

Four new paddle steamships built of steel and of great speed are ready to leave Liverpool to run the blockade.

The engine of the schooner Gerity were again surrounded by the employees in the yard, and the prisoners an opportunity to consult superior courts. The Judge of the Assize at Liverpool refused interference.

Maximilian will officially receive the Mexican Deputation on Easter Sunday. A Minister will then be appointed to counterpoise the act of the new Emperor.

The London Globe says the policy of the new Emperor will be strictly neutral. He will not recognize the Southern Confederacy. Mitchell has been refused an interview with the Archduke while in Paris.

The Pope's health is said to be improved.

LOYALTY OF LOUISIANA SOLDIERS.

Letter of 250 Rebel Prisoners to Gov. Hahn—They Wish to Return to a Free State.

NEW ORLEANS, March 24.—Gov. Hahn has received the following patriotic letter, signed by five hundred seventy-seven officers and men of the 25th Louisiana, now at Camp Morton, Indianapolis:

CAMP, April 4.—The steamer Constitution, from New Orleans the 29th ult., arrived to-day with a cargo of sugar and molasses for Cincinnati and St. Louis, and also brought up 450 males and seventy wagons belonging to the 17th army corps, which were put on board.

To be 1st Indiana artillery, veterans, 600 strong.

To be 1st Indiana cavalry, veterans, a portion of the 3d Minnesota, numbering 800, veterans, also arrived on same boat.

Dates of April 5d contain no news.

MEMPHIS, via CAIRO, April 5.—Forrest, at last accounts, was at Jackson, Tennessee, apparently preparing for a raid.

Chalmers is reported to have a considerable force at Grand Junction and Bolivar.

Grierson's cavalry are out, and will give Forrest some trouble.

The 7th Illinois, Somerville, Tennessee, Col. Nash, of the 6th Tennessee cavalry, reports a loss of three officers and seventy-five men killed, wounded, and missing.

Advices from Vicksburg to the 26th, report all quiet.

No news from the Red river expedition.

Lee and Wirt Adams are reported near Canton, Mississippi, with their commands.

Markets by Telegraph.

Milwaukee Market.
[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]
MILWAUKEE, April 4, 1864.

FLOUR—Steady.

WHEAT—received 6,500 bu at 4c higher. Sales this morning were—1,000 bu No 1 Spring and Winter Reports at $1.18@1.19¾; 1,000 bu do in elevators A or B, at $1.15½; 600 bu No 2 Spring and Summer receipts at $1.08; 1,000 bu rejected, did at $1.10. Sales on Change, 1,000 No 1 Spring and Winter receipts at $1.15@1.19¾; 2,700 bu No 2 do at $1.11; 2,000 No 1 Spring and Summer receipts did at $1.17; 800 No 1 do do, at $1.18. No market at Newhall House to-night.

OATS—quiet but steady.

CORN—unchanged. Receipts—1,300 bu new shelled did, at 85c.

BARLEY—Firm. Sales—200 bu No 2 did, at $1.31.

RYE—steady. Sales—78 bu rated at 98c.

PROVISIONS—Firm. Sales—1,000 lbs smoked hams sold at 16c.

St. Louis Market.
[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]
ST. LOUIS, April 4, 1864.

TOBACCO—Steady. Sales 18 hhds factory at 6c the 4.15; 9 do planters' do at $1.85@2.10; 15 do common leaf at $0.40@4.25; 11 do rejected.

FLOUR—Very firm. Sales 1,800 bbls Tydy City Double Extra, delivered at Chicago, $5.25; 300 do branded Double Extra, at $5.25, inspected.

GRAIN—Wheat—Sales 25 sacks choice at $1.25. Corn dull: sales 10 sacks at 90c; 220 do at 91½. Oats dull: sales 600 bu new at $1.05. Rye and Barley—no sales reported. Corn on the levee, 9 sacks; rye 7 sacks; barley at $1.05; 40 do spring; buckwheat, at $1.75.

WHISKY—Sales of 108 bris at 90c; 50 do at 90c.

PORK—Sales of 100 bbls Mess at 22½; 42 casks and 1,500 loose shoulders, on private terms.

Memphis Cotton Market.
MEMPHIS, April 3.—The Bulletin says: The cotton market continues very dull. Sales to-day 200 bales. Prices unchanged. Receipts 361 bales. Shipments 1,000 bales. Stock on hand 20,000 bales. Gold 60 to 65 with an advancing tendency. Exchange on New York 2 per cent premium. The Avalanche says: The cotton market during the past twenty-four hours is dull. Receipts from the 1st of September, 1863, 1,000. The Gunboats North since the last report amount to 2,000 bales. Receipts to-day, 361; shipped 1,000; sold 200 bales.

Philadelphia Market—April 4.
PHILADELPHIA, April 4.—Petroleum dull and unchanged.

WHEAT—Sales of 21,000 bu at $1.60@1.70 for white; $1.47@1.50 for red. Corn steady at 90c. Oats steady at 70c.

Provisions—Quiet.

New York Stock Market—April 4.
NEW YORK, April 4.—Gold opened at 145, and closed at 144½. Sterling 160. Sight drafts 9½. Cash Loans 6@7.

Boston Stock Market—April 4.
BOSTON, April 4.—Gold 144½@145. Sterling 160. U. S. 7-30s, 106½. Sight drafts 9½. Cash Loans 6@7.

New York Market—April 4.
COTTON—Quiet and steady at 80 for middling upland.

FLOUR—Receipts 6,000 bbls. Sales 10,000 bbls at 10c better for low grades, and 15@20c better for medium and good grades. Sales at $5.10@5.20 for superfine State; $5.25@5.40 for extra State; $5.45@5.50 for superfine Western; $5.60@5.70 for common to medium extra Western; $5.75@5.90 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; $5.90@6.00 for trade and family brands do; $5.50@5.60 for superfine Southern; $5.60@5.80 for common to medium extra Southern; $5.80@6.00 for fancy and extra do. Canada flour is dull and unchanged. Sales of 1,000 bbls at $5.50@5.80 for common to good extra.

RYE FLOUR—Dull at $5.00@5.25.

CORN MEAL—Dull at $4.50@4.60 for Jersey; $4.50@4.60 for Brandywine.

WHEAT—Receipts 12,000 bu. Sales 20,000 bu at 1@2c better, closing heavy. Sales at $1.40@1.42 for Chicago Spring; $1.42@1.43 for Milwaukee Club; $1.43@1.45 for amber Milwaukee; $1.45@1.46 for winter red western; $1.46@1.47 for amber do; $1.47@1.48 for white Canada; $1.48@1.49 for white Western.

RYE—Dull at 90c.

BARLEY—Dull and heavy at $1.10@1.20 for two-rowed State; $1.25@1.30 for four-rowed State; $1.30@1.35 for two-rowed Canada West; $1.40@1.45 for four-rowed do.

CORN—Receipts 44,000 bu. Sales 30,000 bu at 1@2c better, closing heavy. Sales at 81@82c for new Western mixed; 83@84c for old do; 85@86c for new yellow Western; 87@88c for old do; 90@91c for white Western.

PORK—Dull and heavy. Sales of 1,000 bbls at $17.50@18.00 for new mess; $15.50@16.00 for prime; $18.50@19.00 for old mess; $20.00@20.50 for clear.

BEEF—Dull and heavy at $6.00@7.00 for country prime; $8.00@9.00 for country mess; $10.00@11.00 for repacked Chicago mess; $12.00@13.00 for repacked extra mess; $14.00@15.00 for extra India mess.

BEEF HAMS—Dull at $20.00@21.00.

CUT MEATS—Dull and heavy at 8½@9c for pickled hams; 8½@9c for pickled bellies, 12 to 14 lbs average; 7½@8c for pickled shoulders; 8½@9c for pickled bellies, 14 to 16 lbs average.

LARD—Dull and heavy at 12½@13c for prime steam.

BUTTER—Dull and heavy at 18@20c for Ohio; 20@22c for State; 22@25c for Western reserve.

CHEESE—Dull and heavy at 11@12c for Ohio factory; 12@13c for State factory; 13@14c for Western reserve.

WHISKY—Dull and heavy at 90c.

TALLOW—Dull and heavy at 9½@9¾c.

RICE—Dull and heavy at 8½@9c for Carolina; 7½@8c for Louisiana.

COFFEE—Dull and heavy at 20@21c for Rio; 20@21c for Laguayra.

SUGAR—Dull and heavy at 11½@12c for Muscovado; 12½@13c for Porto Rico; 13½@14c for Cuba; 14½@15c for Havana.

MOLASSES—Dull and heavy at 80@85c for Cuba; 85@90c for Muscovado; 90@95c for Porto Rico; $1.00@1.05 for Trinidad; $1.05@1.10 for Havana.

NAVAL STORES—Dull and heavy at $1.00@1.05 for spirits turpentine; $2.50@2.55 for rosin; $5.00@5.50 for tar; $6.00@6.50 for crude turpentine.

COPPER—Dull and heavy at 45@46c for Lake.

TIN—Dull and heavy at 45@46c for Straits; 46@47c for Banca; 47@48c for English; 48@49c for plates.

IRON—Dull and heavy at $45.00@50.00 for Scotch pig; $50.00@55.00 for American pig; $5.00@5.50 for bar; $6.00@6.50 for refined; $6.00@6.50 for English bar; $6.00@6.50 for Swedes; $7.00@7.50 for hoop; $7.00@7.50 for sheet; $7.00@7.50 for Russia sheet.

LEAD—Dull and heavy at 7½@8c for domestic; 8½@9c for foreign.

SALTPETRE—Dull and heavy at 8½@9c for crude; 12½@13c for refined.

COAL—Dull and heavy at $8.00@9.00 for Scotch; $8.00@9.00 for Liverpool; $8.00@9.00 for Cannel; $8.00@9.00 for Anthracite.

HAY—Dull and heavy at $1.00@1.05 for shipping; $1.10@1.15 for prime.

HOPS—Dull and heavy at 30@35c for 1863 crop; 40@45c for 1862 crop.

HEMP—Dull and heavy at $300@310 for American dressed; $280@290 for American undressed; $260@270 for Manilla; $240@250 for Russia.

New Advertisements.

JUST OPENED FOR WORK,
A large and convenient
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,
CASTINGS
Of all kinds made to order on reasonable terms. Also
PORTABLE ENGINE
Of 10 horse power each, FOR SALE. Wanted to
RENT LATHE, one large and the other medium size. Apply to
WILSON & Co.,
Tilton Bros., Wells, bet. 20th and 21st South Clark streets, Chicago. apr5-6t-pd

BRIGGS GOLD COMPANY.
Mines, Briggs and Gregory Lodes, Gilpin Co., Colorado.
Capital 10,000 Shares, $100 Each.
TRUSTEES:
SMITH MELVILLE ..... Colorado.
GEORGE W. POTTER, M. ..... " "
C. CORWIN WHITE ..... " "
C. C. ALLEN ..... " "
WM. G. ANDREWS ..... N. Y.
President ..... E. SMITH MELVILLE.
Vice President ..... GEORGE W. POTTER, M.
Secretary ..... D. PRESTON MORTON.
Treasurer ..... EDWARD KING.
Office in Chicago, 178 Lake street, New York.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
U. S. DEPOSITORY.
MONTHLY STATEMENT.
Capital paid in $100,000 00
Loans and Discounts 102,000 00
Specie and Legal Tender Notes 30,000 00
Due from Reserve Agents 30,000 00
Legal Tender 70,000 00
Circulation 90,000 00
Deposits 136,000 00
The foregoing is a correct report of the condition of said Bank in respect to the items named therein on the 1st day of April, 1864.
H. E. SHANFIELD, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn before me this 4th day of April, 1864.
HANK C. SMITH, Notary Public.
apr5-6t-pd

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
SECOND NATIONAL BANK
OF CHICAGO.
On the morning of Monday the 4th day of April, 1864, in respect to the following items, to wit:
Loans and Discounts $184,000 00
Specie and Legal Tender Notes 30,000 00
Due from Reserve Agents 30,000 00
Legal Tender 70,000 00
Circulation 90,000 00
Deposits 136,000 00
EDWD. T. TIERNAN, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed to before me the day and year above written.
FRED. MYER, Notary Public.
apr5-6t-pd

BOYS'
AND
YOUTHS'
CLOTHING
AT
WHOLESALE.
We have a VERY LARGE STOCK which we had manufactured early in the season and for cash, and are prepared to offer them as low as the same can be had in New York City.
DE GRAFF & POOLE,
Corner Randolph and State Streets.
apr5-10t-bus

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY
LETTER ENVELOPES
The Company having for a long time realized the importance and necessity of some arrangement by which parties could avail themselves of the rapid facilities of the Express Company for the transmission and prompt delivery of important letters that from their bulk or weight do not justify the charge, have adopted a system, which, they will answer the purpose. The envelope used is the three-cent Government Envelope, with the additional payment of the Company thereon.
These Envelopes are now Ready,
And for sale at all Offices of the Company west of Buffalo. Price Ten Cents each, which pays it. All for the carrying and delivery of all letters not exceeding one half ounce in weight, to and from all offices of the Company in
WESTERN NEW YORK, MICHIGAN AND ILLINOIS,
PENNSYLVANIA, WISCONSIN,
OHIO, IOWA,
INDIANA, MINNESOTA,
KENTUCKY,
Letters exceeding one half ounce in weight will not be carried under this arrangement, and when such are found in their envelope, they will be treated the Post Office Laws. Excess in weight cannot be pre-paid by stamp, the COMPANY HAVING NO RIGHT UNDER THE POSTAL LAWS TO CARRY SAME AND HAVE NO USE FOR THEM.
It is not intended that money or other valuables shall be forwarded under this arrangement, and such letters are found to contain the same they will be charged in addition to price of the Envelope, the regular PAY-LINE RATE of the Company to and from such point as the letter may be sent.
LIVINGSTON, FARGO & CO.,
Proprietors.
SEEDS! SEEDS!
Clover, Timothy, Hungarian,
HEMP, RED TOP, &c., &c.
ALSO,
ONION SETTS,
For sale in lots to suit by
HUNTINGTON BROTHERS,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
apr4-6t-pd-tu thsa sat ..... 125 South Water street.

A WHOLESALE GROCERY
House will established, with
A GOOD AND GROWING TRADE,
Whose sales are over a quarter of a million dollars per annum.
WISHES TO SELL OUT
A FULL STOCK OF CHOICE GOODS,
And the good will of the business to a member one of the firm.
SATISFACTORY REASONS GIVEN
For wishing to sell. Address with name and reference P. O. Box 3026. apr4-10t-bus-a-tues

NEW
STATIONERY HOUSE.
BRYANT, HOVEY & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Stationery.
WE OFFER TO THE TRADE
2,000,000 Envelopes of our own manufacture.
20,000 gross Steel Pens of all varieties.
2,000 gross Pen Holders of all varieties.
2,000 gross Lead Pencils of our own manufacture.
800 gross Propel Pencils, Rubber, Ebony and Ivory.
150 gross Playing Cards, all brands.
200 Cases Paper, Tele, Letter, Cap and Legal.
MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED
Barometer Ink Stands,
Rubber Head's and
Rubber-Head Pencils.
OUR VARIETY OF ALL KINDS OF
STATIONERS' GOODS
IS EXTENSIVE.
We will not permit an inferior article to leave our hand, but, on the contrary, be endeavor to use utmost. The attention of dealers is respectfully solicited to our
Bryant, Hovey & Co.,
84 Lake Street, Chicago.
CHAS. L. NOBLE & CO.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
KEROSENE LAMPS
AND GOODS GENERALLY.
178 Lake Street.

New Advertisements.
THE TWENTY-FIRST THOUSAND.
21,000
OF
Thayer's Life of
PRESIDENT LINCOLN
THE PIONEER BOY.
In Press..... Price $1.25.
If sent by mail on receipt of price.
Canvassing Agents Wanted to sell the Book and Picture.
WALKER, WISE & CO.,
Publishers, Boston.
apr5-6t-pd

A THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLAR STOCK
FOR SALE,
Expressly selected for the city trade, (on seven years' experience of supplying Dealers,) by a practical Boots and Shoes Jobber, and for the establishment in the best location in the South Division.
For the City Trade,
Being a purchase of Eighty Thousand Dollars a year. Is a bona fide offer.
A rare opportunity is offered for Investment.
The present parties being about to engage in the job trade. Address "A B," Post Office Box 3124.
apr5-10t-bus

FIELD, BENEDICT & CO.,
34 & 36 LAKE STREET,
OFFER TO THE TRADE
CLOTHS of all grades.
CASSIMERES " "
LEICESTER TWEEDS,
MARYLAND JEANS,
And all the various styles of
PIECE GOODS FOR MEN'S WEAR,
At lower prices than any other house in the West.
Sole Agents in Chicago for Scott's, West's, Clay's and Glenroven' Reports.
apr5-6t-bus

I. P. FARNUM,
Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in
BOOTS AND SHOES,
57 Lake Street.
ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
apr5-26t-bus

U. S.
10-40 LOAN.
SECOND NATIONAL BANK
OF CHICAGO.
Designated Depository of the United States
This Bank is authorized, by the Secretary of the Treasury, to receive subscriptions to the
NATIONAL TEN-FORTY LOAN,
Authorized by the act of March 3d, 1864. The Loan bears interest from March 1st, 1864, and will be paid in one of the Government after ten years, and payable at the option of the Government after five years, per annum, payable in coin annually on first days of March and September, at the rate of one half of other bonds.
Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon bonds, as they may prefer. It is expected that Coupon Bonds will be ready for delivery on or before the 20th of April.
The subscribers will be required to pay, in addition to the amount of the principal of the bonds, the accrued interest from March 1st, 1864, to the day of delivery, in currency. Payments for subscriptions may be made to the First Ohio Bank, Cincinnati, Ohio, or to the Second National Bank, Chicago.
J. C. FARGO, President.
EDWARD T. TIERNAN, Cashier.
apr5-6t-pd

UNITED STATES
10-40 BONDS
Principal and Interest Payable in Gold.
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF CHICAGO.
U. S. Depository
Has been appointed agent for the TEN-FORTY Loan and will receive subscriptions of any amount from par to the 20th of April.
As the bonds will bear date March 1st, 1864, subscribers will be required to pay the accrued interest from that day to date of subscription, either in gold or U. S. currency, at the latter rate per day. This premium must be added to the amount of interest, payable July 1st.
Circulars can be obtained by application to the Cashier.
Subscriptions for other loans, wanted "5 C. Five" Bonds, Compound Interest Notes, Gold, Silver, Exchange, Coupons or Uncurrent Money received on deposit.
H. H. KINGSBURY, President.
E. H. BRADSTED, Cash'r.
apr5-6t-pd

DAVIS, SAWYER & CO.
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS
40 and 42 Lake Street,
Have now in store, and daily receiving, a very large and complete assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, purchased for cash, at favorable periods, whereby we are able to present to our friends and the Trade generally, every inducement, both in goods and prices, that can be found East or West.
DAVIS, SAWYER & CO., Chicago.
Our firm is not connected with any other house in the trade.
apr5-26t-bus

AUCTION TRADE SALES
—OF—
BOOTS & SHOES
AT WHOLESALE,
Every WEDNESDAY at 9½ o'clock A. M.
—
We shall commence our regular sale of
CUSTOM-MADE BOOTS AND SHOES
On Wednesday, March 9th, and every alternate Wednesday evening thereafter. Our stock is always open for examination, and will be found well assorted with the
Most Desirable Goods
OF THE TRADE.
GOBIE, WILSON & CO.,
Auctioneers, 51 Lake street.
mch7-26t-bus

GILBERT HUBBARD & CO
SHIP CHANDLERS
AND SAIL MAKERS
TWINE AND COTTAGE.
No. 20 South Water street, corner of Wells, Chicago.
Manufacture and have constantly on hand, Piano Cover and Carpet Lining, Tarred Felt, Hair Felt, Sheathing Felting.
TENTS, AWNINGS, TARPAULINS, WAGON COVERS, HAGS, &c., &c.
apr5-6t-bus

A. M. WRIGHT, HAVING RETURNED from the East, is now prepared to offer to the trade
A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK
of Fine and Fashionable Goods, at
No. 4 Lake street.
apr5-6t-bus

New Advertisements.
The Third National Bank
OF CHICAGO,
Fiscal Agent of the United States,
Is now prepared to receive subscriptions to the new
7-30 PORTY LOAN at par and accrued interest in National Currency.
All subscribers will receive Bonds bearing interest from March 1st, 1864, and will be required to pay the accrued interest in coin, (or Treasury Notes or National Currency, by adding 2½ per Cent.) from March 1st to date of delivery.
Coupon Bonds are issued for delivery, Registered Bonds of $50, $100, $500 or $1,000.
Subscriptions may be sent to this Bank, free of charge, by mail or express, addressed to the Cashier.
Subscriptions may be sent to this Bank, free of charge, by mail or express, addressed to the Cashier.
JAMES H. ROWEN, President.
ALEX. H. HALE, Vice President.
THO. HOLMES, Cashier. apr5-6t-wed

NEW BOOK HOUSE
IN CHICAGO.
Cobb, Pritchard & Co.,
83 LAKE STREET,
(TRIBUNE BLOCK.)
Offer to wholesale and retail purchasers an entirely new and attractive stock of goods, viz:
Miscellaneous and School Books.
Cap, Letter and Note Papers.
Envelopes in all Qualities.
Copying Presses and Letter Books.
Blank Books.
Photograph Albums.
Portfolios and Pocket Books.
COBB, PRITCHARD & CO.
apr5-10t-bus

BURLEY & TYRRELL,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
CHINA, GLASS,
AND
EARTHEN WARE,
48 Lake Street.
GOODS BY THE PACKAGE.
apr5-26t-bus

HATS, CAPS
AND
STRAW GOODS,
AT WHOLESALE,
FOR THE RISING TRADE OF 1864.
E. P. L. BROOM,
50 LAKE STREET.
I have now on hand, and am daily receiving, the most extensive and complete assortment of HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, &c., &c., ever offered in this market, which I am prepared to sell at the lowest cash prices.
E. P. L. BROOM,
50 Lake street.
apr5

FILM

Chicago Tribune.

TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1865.

FROM PARIS.

Louis Napoleon on the Schleswig-Holstein Question.

SUDDEN DEATH IN THE PRIME OF MANHOOD.

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

PARIS, Saturday, March 25, 1865.

The progress of the Schleswig-Holstein question has caused considerable uneasiness in the minds of the Imperial Government, and it has been compelled to declare its position in the matter. The Moniteur of this morning contains the following article, which is supposed to be from the pen of the Emperor himself:

The complications which have arisen between Prussia and Denmark, and which have led to the occupation of the duchies of Schleswig-Holstein by the troops of the Confederation, have given rise to a variety of conjectures. Will the Congress of Vienna, which was to have met in the month of May, be called together? Will the Treaty of 1852 be maintained? Will the Confederation of Germany be dissolved? Will the Duchies be annexed to Prussia? Will the Duchies be constituted into a new State? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Augustenburg? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Oldenburg? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Glucksburg? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Hesse? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Nassau? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Weimar? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Meiningen? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Altenburg? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Hildburghausen? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Gotha? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Saalfeld? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Kohary? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Kohary? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry-Koháry? Will the Duchies be given to the Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Koháry

Special Notices.

Magnolia Balm.

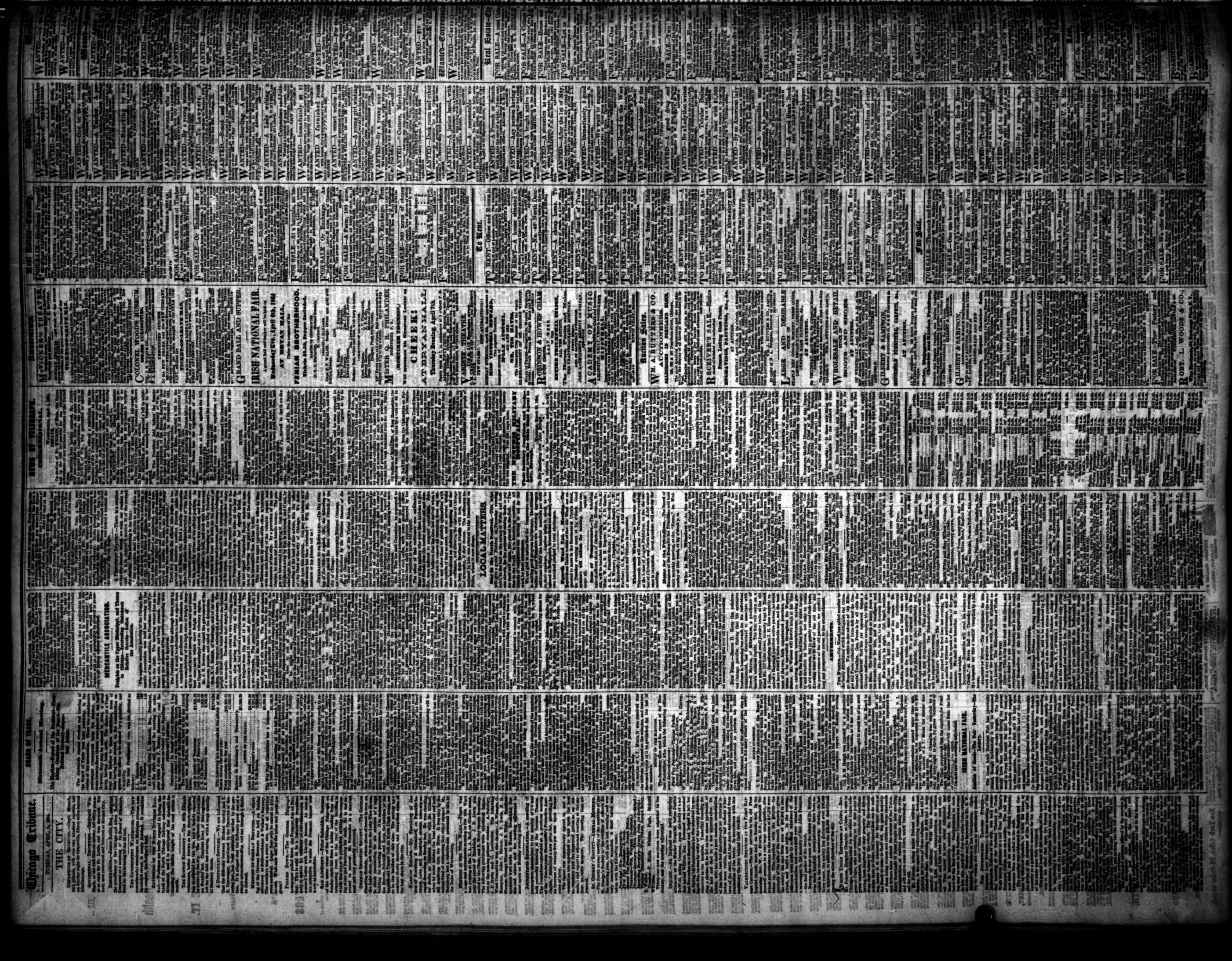
Thirty Years' Use

Hagan's Magnolia Balm.

Hagan's Magnolia Balm Restores

Hagan's Magnolia Balm

Hagan's Magnolia Balm

**Hagan's Magnolia Balm

KODAK